

U.S. Department of Justice

Office of the Deputy Attorney General

The Deputy Attorney General

Washington, D.C. 20530

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MEMORANDUM FOR	OFFICE OF THE ASSOCIATE ATTORNEY GENERAL
	CIVIL DIVISION
	CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION
	CRIMINAL DIVISION
	EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS
	ALL UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS
FROM:	THE DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL four Shunch
SUBJECT:	Civil Rights Fraud Initiative
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Under Attorney General Bondi's leadership, "[t]he Department of Justice is committed to enforcing federal civil rights laws and ensuring equal protection under the law." Attorney General Memorandum, *Ending Illegal DEI and DEIA Discrimination and Preferences* (Feb. 5, 2025). One of the most effective ways to accomplish this objective is through vigorous enforcement of the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3729 et seq., against those who defraud the United States by taking its money while knowingly violating civil rights laws.

The False Claims Act is the Justice Department's primary weapon against government fraud, waste, and abuse. Liability results in treble damages and significant penalties. It is implicated when a federal contractor or recipient of federal funds knowingly violates civil rights laws—including but not limited to Title IV, Title VI, and Title IX, of the Civil Rights Act of 1964— and falsely certifies compliance with such laws. Accordingly, a university that accepts federal funds could violate the False Claims Act when it encourages antisemitism, refuses to protect Jewish students, allows men to intrude into women's bathrooms, or requires women to compete against men in athletic competitions. Colleges and universities cannot accept federal funds while discriminating against their students.

The False Claims Act is also implicated whenever federal-funding recipients or contractors certify compliance with civil rights laws while knowingly engaging in racist preferences, mandates, policies, programs, and activities, including through diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) programs that assign benefits or burdens on race, ethnicity, or national origin. While racial discrimination has always been illegal, the prohibition on such policies became clear after the Supreme Court stated that "[e]liminating racial discrimination means eliminating all of it." *Students for Fair Admissions, Inc. v. President & Fellows of Harv. Coll.*, 600 U.S. 181, 205 (2023).

Memorandum from the Deputy Attorney General Subject: Civil Rights Fraud Initiative

President Trump reinforced that principle in Executive Order 14173, *Ending Illegal Discrimination and Restoring Merit-Based Opportunity*, 90 Fed. Reg. 8633 (Jan. 21, 2025), explaining that racist policies "violate the text and spirit of our long-standing Federal civil-rights laws." Nevertheless, many corporations and schools continue to adhere to racist policies and preferences—albeit camouflaged with cosmetic changes that disguise their discriminatory nature.

The federal government should not subsidize unlawful discrimination. To that end, I am standing up the Civil Rights Fraud Initiative. This Initiative will utilize the False Claims Act to investigate and, as appropriate, pursue claims against any recipient of federal funds that knowingly violates federal civil rights laws. This Initiative will be co-led by the Civil Division's Fraud Section, which enforces the False Claims Act, and the Civil Rights Division, which enforces civil rights laws. Each division will identify a team of attorneys to aggressively pursue this work together. Each of the 93 United States Attorney's Offices will identify an Assistant United States Attorney to advance these efforts.

To ensure a comprehensive approach, the Civil Fraud Section and the Civil Rights Division will engage in regular coordination meetings and share relevant information about potential violations. The Civil Fraud Section and the Civil Rights Division will also engage with the Criminal Division, as well as with other federal agencies that enforce civil rights requirements for federal funding recipients, including the Department of Education, the Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the Department of Labor. The Civil Fraud Section and the Civil Rights Division will also establish partnerships with state attorneys general and local law enforcement to share information and coordinate enforcement actions.

The Department recognizes that it alone cannot identify every instance of civil rights fraud. Congress likewise has recognized as much and, as a result, has authorized private parties to protect the public interest by filing lawsuits and litigating claims under the False Claims Act—and, if successful, sharing in any monetary recovery. *See* 31 U.S.C. § 3730. The Department strongly encourages these lawsuits. The Department also encourages anyone with knowledge of discrimination by federal-funding recipients to report that information to the appropriate federal authorities so that the Department may consider the information and take any appropriate action. Please visit <u>https://www.justice.gov/civil/report-fraud</u> for more information.